

THE CARBON NEWS

VOL. 2, No. 48

CARBON, ALTA., THURSDAY, August 3rd 1922

HUBERT PETERS, EDITOR



SPECIAL CANVAS SHOES

at
BIG REDUCTIONS

95c and \$1.45

See Our Window.

THE COBURN STORE LIMITED

GENERAL MERCHANT

CARBON,

ALBERTA.

Successful Farming is the Backbone of Business

Farming is a business requiring study, foresight, common-sense and close application.

The Farmer requires a banking connection the same as other business men. For this reason we invite the Farmer to open an account with this bank.

You can submit your statement of assets and liabilities and receive the same consideration in the handling of your account as we extend to other business.

THE BANK OF TORONTO

Capital, \$5,000,000

Reserves, \$7,000,000

CARBON BRANCH
J. L. Thompson Manager

When in Calgary stop at

The Hotel Alexandra

The House of Comfort

FREE BUS

FREE TELEPHONE

FIRE PROOF

Rates: \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00

With bath \$2.00 and \$2.50

226---9th. Ave. East

Opportunity to Join the Drumheller Hospital District.

To the residents of Township 29 Range 22 North of the Knee Hill creek and all of Township 29 Range 23, including the village of Carbon, an opportunity will be given on Tuesday Aug. 8th to be included in the Drumheller Hospital District and to obtain the benefits thereof.

On that date a vote will be taken at the Municipal Hall, Carbon. Poll open from 9 o'clock a. m. until 5 o'clock p. m. on whether the people of the area described above desire to be affiliated with the Drumheller Hospital district.

The Drumheller Hospital is a large, well equipped up to date Hospital and has given the best service during the years it has been running.

It behooves those interested to take full advantage of this opportunity, and not neglect to register their vote.

All residents of Township 29, Range 22 North of the Knee Hill creek and all of Township 29 Range 23 including the village of Carbon, are requested to register their vote on Aug. 8th at the Municipal Hall, Carbon.

Mr A. D. McCannel of the Hospital Organization Branch and some members of the Drumheller Hospital Board will address a public meeting in Carbon, giving information regarding the Drumheller hospital on Thursday Aug. 3rd.

L. B. HART
Returning Officer

LOCAL NEWS

Quite a number of our citizens motored to Pine Lake last Wednesday to attend the Picnic given by the members of Masonic Lodges of Carbon, Acme, Bowden, Delburne Innisfail, Red Deer, Trochu and Three Hills. Nearly 800 people attended, many having had to drive nearly 60 miles, but all said it was worth while.

An excellent concert was given in front of the Sandy Cove hotel. Mrs H. A. Evans gave a solo and Mrs Malton gave a reading.

Carbon came first in the 12 lodges, that competed for the Relay Race.

Following is a list of the Brothers of the Carbon Lodge No. 107 who attended, practically all of whom were accompanied by ladies and children.

W. H. Leavers, J. Garret, R. S. Near, S. N. Wright, G. McNeil, H. A. Evans, R. Heath, G. W. Malton, J. L. Thomson, L. Poxon, A. H. Jealous, W. A. Braisher and J. McLean.

Mr W. J. Poole is progressing rapidly from his recent illness, and we are glad to see him around again.

Mr Baird is also up and around.

Mr Hattie has returned from his holidays.

Mr Harry Ives is confined to bed with illness.

EVERYBODY'S STORE FARMERS' EXCHANGE

ALL COPPER
Wash Boilers
each

\$3.95

THE FARMERS' EXCHANGE

GENERAL MERCHANTS

CARBON

When in Need of Agricultural Hardware and Mining Supplies You will find Our Stock Complete.

SPORTING GOODS

A full line of Bats, Balls, Gloves, Golf Clubs, Golf Balls and Tennis Racquets.

R. B. WILKINSON

HARDWARE MERCHANTS

CARBON BAKERY & CONFECTIONERY

Fresh Bread Always On Hand

FRED WILSON, Mgr.

REAL ESTATE LOANS INSURANCE

H. A. EVANS

Office: Municipal Hall.



Why and Wherefor of Prohibitory Laws

Unquestionably there is a considerable degree of restiveness among people over the enactment and subsequent enforcement of prohibitory laws of one kind and another. While this feeling of resentment finds expression most vigorously in connection with prohibitory liquor laws, there is an undercurrent of feeling in relation to other matters as well. But do the people who so vigorously object to these repressive laws ever stop to ask themselves to what extent they are themselves responsible for their enactment?

Prohibitory laws are always the result of excessive over-indulgence, a lack of self-control, or self-denial. This statement holds true not only in regard to liquor legislation, but in regard to practically all laws of a sumptuous character. For example, the laws passed prohibiting the killing of beaver in Canada were rendered necessary because some hunters and trappers would not deny themselves the pleasure or profit to be derived from killing these industrious little workers. Close seasons for duck, prairie chickens, and all kinds of game had to be established and are enforced for the same reason.

Every year the newspapers of this country are filled with reports of the destruction of millions of dollars worth of valuable forests, and in the vast majority of cases these destructive fires are the result of the carelessness arising out of the lack of a little self-denial on the part of someone who would not take the time or go to the trouble of properly protecting a campfire, or who started a fire for fun under conditions of wind or in such close proximity to brush as to invite a conflagration. Some people, too, have a mania for stripping the bark off of birch trees, or otherwise defacing public property which necessitates the enforcement of prohibitory regulations applicable to everybody.

One or two farmers in a given community will not exercise the self-denial, or take the precautions necessary, to keep their land free from noxious weeds, with the result that the whole district is threatened and suffers loss. The inevitable result is the passage of laws to compel everybody to destroy weeds.

"Keep off the grass" signs in city parks always cause a feeling of indignation because it is felt that these grassy spaces should be for the special use of children on hot summer days. Why, then, are such signs displayed? Because people will be selfish. The temperate use of city park spaces would give them and everybody else real pleasure, but there are those who will persist in making beaten tracks across these lawns with the result that everybody is prohibited from walking on the grass.

Some people go fishing and haul in everything they can, big and little, and keep it up regardless of their requirements for reasonable food, with the result that lakes and streams are fished out. If such people alone were the sufferers from such wholesale destruction they might well be allowed to suffer the penalty of their folly and lack of self-control. But everybody suffers, and so it becomes necessary every now and then to prohibit fishing altogether in such lakes and streams for a few years in order that the stock of fish may be replenished.

Sunday observance laws are passed so strict in character as to make that day one which thousands of people loathe, instead of hailing its coming as a day of joy and gladness. In some respects our Canadian Sunday observance laws are like the blue laws of Puritan New England. Yet these laws have been enacted in order to prevent Sunday becoming even less restful and sacred than the other six days of the week.

It was not the moderate drinker, the man who really enjoyed a glass of beer as a beverage, who brought about Prohibition. Such a man was not a menace to the whole community. It was the man who drank to excess and in his drunken state was worse than a beast, or an insane man, ill-treating his family, and disturbing the peace of all, who caused such a revulsion of public opinion as to lead to the demand that the sale of intoxicants of all kinds be rigidly prohibited.

It is a law of nature that the innocent must suffer with the guilty. It is a maxim that we must make provision in law and in law enforcement which will result in the greatest good to the greatest number. Hence, the passage of prohibitory laws for the advancement of the public good, and to prohibit the majority from the selfishness and viciousness of the few.

Hand in hand with the passage of such laws—and even more important and lasting in the results to be achieved—is the need for proper training of children in the duties, the obligations, the restrictions involved in Canadian citizenship. There is need for a revival of teaching the young to respect the rights and property of others, and the property of the state which is the property of all. There is a crying need for the inculcation of the principles of self-control, self-denial, and a true conception of the gain to be derived from the practice of conservation in the true sense and meaning of the word.

NOW DO MY WORK WITH EASE

Because Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored My Health

Hornell, N. Y. — "I was in bad health but there didn't seem to be any one thing the matter with me. I was tired out all over and it was an effort for me to move. I was irritable and could not sleep nights and had trouble with my bowels and at my periods. It seemed that nearly everyone around me knew of your medicine and wanted me to try it, so at last I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Tablets and Lydia E. Pinkham's Blood Medicine and improved every day. I do all my own work now except the washing and do it with ease. I can accomplish as much in a day now as it would have taken me a week to do last winter and I try to get every one I know to take your medicine to build them up. You are welcome to use this letter as a testimonial if you like." — Mrs. CHAS. BAKER, 21 Spencer Ave., Hornell, N. Y.

In almost every neighborhood there are women who know of the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. They know because they have taken it and have been helped. Why don't you give it a trial?

W. N. U. 1420

Alberta Coal

Compares Very Favorably With Imported Coal for Smithy Purposes

After extensive experiments with the use of an Alberta coal for smithy purposes, the Industrial Research Department of the University of Alberta states that it compares very favorably with imported Pennsylvania coal for this purpose. Comparative tests were made under ordinary blacksmithy conditions, and included heating, welding and tool-making. In all these tests the results obtained with the Alberta coal were equally as good, if not better than, those obtained with Pennsylvania coal.

Nothing as Good for Asthma. Asthma remedies come and go but every year the sales of the original Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy grow greater and greater. No further evidence could be asked of its remarkable merit. It relieves. It is always of the same unvarying quality which the sufferer from asthma learns to know. Do not suffer another attack, but get this splendid remedy today.

Bachelor Sentiment

He.—Indeed, I am fond of children, particularly in the country.

She.—Why particularly when you're in the country?

He.—Not when I am in the country. When they are.—Spare Moments.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

Strange Alpine Phenomenon

Pollen of Fruit Tinges Whole Country Yellow Hue

A curious Alpine phenomenon is reported in different parts of the Canton of Vaud. When a strong wind ceased the whole country assumed a yellow hue. The Dent Vaillon, 4,880 feet high, looked like a golden dome, and the forests seemed on fire, while Lake Joux resembled a sea of champagne. The yellow was caused by large masses of pollen from fruit trees, which was blown across the mountains and deposited when the wind dropped. The peasants call it "golden rain."

When Does Bronchial Trouble Begin to Get Serious?

First it was a little throat tickle, then a cough which grows severe. This neglected cough travels down the lungs, and it's mighty hard to treat. To treat throat trouble right, use Catarrhzone. It heals the sore spots, allays irritation, eases the cough, makes breathing regular, clears out the phlegm and frees the nostrils from crusts and accumulations. You can prevent colds, and keep free from Catarrh and bronchial trouble by frequently using Catarrhzone—thousands prove this every day. Sold everywhere, two months treatment \$1.00, medium size 50c, small size 25c.

Immigration for May

Immigration into Canada for the month of May, 1922, totalled 11,199, of whom 5,972 were British, 2,866 from the United States and 2,361 from other countries.

Separation, But No Alimony

A peaceful, quiet separation, no damage done, everybody happy again—that's the situation when you divorce your corns. Try Putnam's Corn Extractor. Acts like magic, no pain, no failure, success every time. Refuse a substitute for "Putnam's," 25c everywhere.

Experienced

"The man who gives in when he is wrong," said the street orator, "is a wise man; but he who gives in when he is right is—"

"Married!" said a meek voice.—Passing Show.

CHOLERA INFANTUM

Cholera infantum is one of the fatal ailments of childhood. It is a trouble that comes on suddenly, especially during the summer months, and unless prompt action is taken the little one may soon be beyond aid. Baby's Own Tablets are an ideal medicine in warding off this trouble. They regulate the bowels and sweeten the stomach and thus prevent the dreaded summer complaints. They are an absolute safe medicine, being guaranteed to contain neither opiates nor narcotics or other harmful drugs. They cannot possibly do harm—they always do good. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A Cruise on the Great Lakes

Enjoy to the Fullest Extent the Trip East

The trip to Eastern Canada or the United States can be made doubly enjoyable by including the delightful cruise on the Great Lakes from Fort William and Port Arthur to Port McNicoll or Owen Sound on the Palatial Canadian Pacific Steamers "Kewatin," "Assiniboia," and "Manitoba." Three sailings a week from Fort William and Port Arthur every Wednesday and Saturday to Port McNicoll, where direct connection is made with special train for Toronto, and every Thursday for Owen Sound. The Great Lakes trip is a delightful diversion to the East—Restful, cool and refreshing.

The Ticket Agent of the Canadian Pacific will be pleased to give full information as to rates, sailings, etc., and arrange every detail for an enjoyable trip.

No child should be allowed to suffer an hour from worms when prompt relief can be got in a simple but strong remedy—Mother Graves' Worm Expeller.

Saskatchewan Dairy Products

According to figures recently made public the value of dairy products in Saskatchewan in 1921 was \$18,774,445. During the year farmers in the province increased their dairy herds by 50,000 cows. Export figures reached a new record, a total of 7,085,562 pounds of butter leaving the province.

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff

TO THE LITTLE MISS THIS FROCK IS SURE TO BRING BLISS.



Mothers sometimes find it difficult to please the little miss when selecting clothing for their wardrobe. They feel quite grown-up at that age and their tastes usually run to modes that add materially to their years. Mother, of course, insists on something useful. Here is a suggestion for an afternoon frock which is bound to be classed as adorable by the most particular little miss. It is of brown crepe de chine, with pleated flutings of rose crepe, which afford an attractive note of contrast. Very novel is the feather girdle, which serves as a distinctive finishing touch.

A Calendar Savings Bank

To encourage the formation of a daily-savings habit, a neat home calendar has been devised which can be kept at the proper date only by the insertion of a coin each day, says an illustrated article in the August issue of Popular Mechanics Magazine. A special slot is also provided in which coins may be inserted without affecting the calendar numbers.

Miller's Worm Powders are sweet and palatable to children who show no hesitancy in taking them. They will certainly bring worm troubles to an end. They are a strengthening and stimulating medicine, correcting the disorders of digestion that the worms cause and imparting a healthy tone to the system most beneficial to development.

The tinoceras, extinct mammal, about the size of the elephant, had the smallest brain of any living mammal.

The first veterinary school was established in 1762 at Lyons.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Hitchcock*

PETRIE'S MACHINERY TORONTO

ASPIRIN

UNLESS you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all



Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds	Headache	Rheumatism
Toothache	Neuralgia	Neuritis
Earache	Lumbago	Pain, Pain

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Mono-aceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer Manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Minister Of Labor Refers To Benefits Of Conciliation Board Plan

Ottawa.—A deputation representing Division No. 4 Railway Employees' Department of the American Federation of Labor, waited upon Premier King and Minister of Labor Murdock, and placed before them, in words of a member of the delegation, "first-hand information as to the general railway situation and the serious state of affairs that was developing owing to the application of the wage decreases."

The deputation consisted of R. J. Tallon, Frank McKenna and Fred Harrison, of Division No. 4, and James Somerville and J. A. McClelland, Vice-Presidents of the International Machinists' Union.

The representations of the delegation were promised consideration by the Premier, but no further statement in regard to the interview was made public.

A statement was, however, issued by the Minister of Labor, "expressing some satisfaction at the good fortune which has so far attended Canada in the railway labor controversies prevailing in the United States and Canada, with the difference that, whereas in the United States some hundreds of thousands of workmen are on strike and many other thousands are threatening to cease work, there is not in the Dominion a strike growing out of the controversies in question."

"The advantage in the Canadian situation," said the statement, "is without doubt due to the wholesome and beneficial effect of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907, the virtues of which, in connection with industrial disputes, have never been more strikingly illustrated than at the present time, when there are eight or nine conciliation boards actually sitting or in course of constitution."

"An aspect of the situation particularly pleasing to the Minister of Labor is the disposition shown by both railway companies and railroad workmen to conform with the requirements of the statute. This has been specially indicated in the case of the three United States lines operating in Canada, namely, the Michigan Central Railroad, the Pere Marquette and the New York Central Railroad. Each of these railways has shops in Canada, and the roads, between them, employ many hundreds of workmen. The workmen are members of the same unions which are on strike in the United States."

Aviator to Attempt Pacific Flight

London.—Major C. W. F. Morgan, British aviator, has cabled to the United States an announcement of his decision to attempt a trans-Pacific flight from San Francisco to Sydney, New South Wales, for a prize of £10,000, offered by Thomas H. Ince, of Los Angeles. Major Morgan says he hopes to leave San Francisco at 7 o'clock on the evening of October 2 next and arrive in Sydney at 2 o'clock on October 7, proceeding across the Pacific by way of Honolulu, Samoa and the Fiji Islands.

Lord Mountbatten Honored

London.—It is announced that Lord Louis Mountbatten, who became the husband of Miss Edwina Ashley, has been created a Knight Commander of the Victorian Order. Lord Louis was aide to the Prince of Wales on the recent tour.



W. N. U. 1430

Russians Make New Proposals

Hague Delegates Suggest Arrangement for Payment of Debt

The Hague.—The new proposal in connection with compensation for confiscated property and payment of the Russian debt were advanced by the Russian delegates at a meeting with the entire non-Russian commission of the conference on Russian affairs here.

The Russians suggested an arrangement by which Russia would undertake to negotiate directly with foreigners for the payment of compensation for confiscated property and with bond holders for settlement of the Russian debt.

The Russians proposed that all the delegates, including the Russian, submit this project to their respective governments and await an answer for one week at The Hague. The Russians for the time being dropped the question of credits, as they said the non-Russians had declined credits. It was announced that the non-Russian representatives would meet later to discuss the proposal.

Russia, her representatives said, would engage to make arrangements with foreign claimants within two years.

CATARRHAL DEAFNESS

is greatly relieved by constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced, your hearing may be destroyed forever. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system, thus reducing the inflammation and assisting Nature in restoring normal conditions.

Circulars free. All Druggists, F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Heavy Rainfall in Toronto

Toronto.—For about two minutes during a severe thunderstorm here records at the meteorological bureau showed that rain fell at the rate of six inches an hour, a rate equal to almost the most terrific storms in the tropics. Lightning struck in four places in Toronto during the storm, but no serious damage was reported.

Her Two Children Had Diarrhoea Terribly Bad

Anyone suffering from bowel complaints such as diarrhoea, dysentery, colic, cholera, cholera morbus, cholera infantum, or any other looseness of the bowels, will find that Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry will give quicker and more permanent relief than any other remedy on the market today.

Mrs. Roy Keith, Charlton, Ont., writes: "I am writing to tell you what Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry did for me. Last summer my children had diarrhoea, terribly bad, and they would vomit and pass a great deal of blood. I tried every remedy we could think of, but finally bought a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, and about one-half of it stopped the diarrhoea altogether. I have told several others about it, and I would not be without it in the house, as I can truthfully say it saved the lives of my two children."

Price, 50c a bottle; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Norman Lambert Resigns

Giving Up Post of Secretary of Agricultural Council

Winnipeg.—The resignation of Norman P. Lambert from the post of Secretary Canadian Council of Agriculture will be presented to the council at a meeting in Winnipeg about the end of this month, it is stated here. Mr. Lambert is to take an executive position with the Maple Leaf Milling Company it is learned. Mr. Lambert, a former Toronto newspaperman, has taken a very active part in the work of the council during recent years.

It pays to patronize home industry. Buy from the merchants in your own town.

WESTERN EDITORS



Sam Moore, Editor and Publisher of The Sun, Swift Current, Sask.

For Hiccups and Heartburn Here Is a Good Prescription

Nothing brings such satisfactory relief as slowly sipping a few drops of "Nerviline" in sweetened water. Nerviline relieves those conditions that cause the hiccups, just as it does sour risings, gas belching and fermentation in the stomach. For acute stomach pains, bloating, nausea and similar ills, rely on trusty old Nerviline—the true friend of every family. Sold by all dealers, 35c per bottle.

Farmers Win In Manitoba

Provincial General Elections Give U.F.A. Majority

Winnipeg.—With some polls missing in many of the rural constituencies, which are not expected to alter the standing materially in any case, the standing of the parties outside of Winnipeg is as follows, the figures given in each case being the majority of the successful candidate over his opponent in a two-candidate fight, or over his nearest opponent in three or four cornered contests:

Farmers—24

Arthur—D. L. McLeod, 306.
Beautiful Plains—Geo. Little, 600.
Birtle—W. J. Shortt, 414.
Carillon—A. Prefontaine, 402.
Deloraine—D. S. McLeod, 257.
Dufferin—Wm. Brown, 133.
Fisher—M. V. Bachynsky, 245.
Gilbert Plains—A. D. Berry, 566.
Gladstone—A. McGregor, 837.
Hamolts—T. Wolstenholme, 408.
Iberville—A. R. Bovin, 398.
Killarney—A. E. Foster, 214.
Lakeside—D. L. Campbell, 407.
La Verandrye—P. A. Talbot, 361.
Manitou—G. Compton, 31.
Minnedosa—Neil Cameron, 800.
Morris—W. R. Clubb, 500.
Mountain—Chas. Cannon, 558.
Norfolk—J. Muirhead, 151.
Rockwood—W. C. McKinnell, 650.
Russell—I. B. Griffiths, 397.
Springfield—C. Barclay, 182.
Swan River—R. W. Emmond, 1,308.
Virden—R. H. Mooney, 680.

Liberals—5

Dauphin—A. E. Esplin, 64.
Fairford—A. W. Kirvan, 332.
Glenwood—J. W. Breakey, 522.
Lansdowne—Hon. T. C. Norris, 461.
St. George—S. Sigfusson, 567.

Conservatives—4

Morden-Rhineland—J. Kennedy, 330.
Portage la Prairie—Major F. G. Taylor, 138.
Roblin—F. Y. Newton, 5.
Turtle Mountain—R. G. Willis, 121.

Independents—7

Brandon—Dr. J. H. Edmison, 1,217.
Cypress—W. H. Spinks, 45.
Emerson—D. Yakimischak, 393.
Gimli—M. Rojeski, 400.
St. Boniface—J. Bernier, 842.
St. Clements—J. A. Daus, 483.
St. Rose—J. Hamlin, 373.

Labor—2

Assiniboia—W. D. Bayley, 868.
Kildon-St. Andrews—D. A. Tanner, 493.

Deferred—3

The Pas, Ruperts' Land, and Ethelbert.

Saw Fly Damaging Crops

Brandon.—Wheat stem saw fly is damaging the crops in the Douglas district, according to reports from there. The extent of the damage cannot yet be ascertained.

Indications Point To Early Adjustment Of All International Debts

London.—Statements in the House of Commons that the British debt to the United States would certainly be paid—and a committee is proceeding to Washington to arrange the details of time and manner of payments—are believed here to indicate an early adjustment of the whole matter of international indebtedness.

British officials declined to discuss reports that the German indemnity is to be reduced to fifty billion gold marks, in return for which France is to receive the cancellation of her debts to Britain. The placing of Anglo-American accounts on a definite footing is now intimated. This has long been held to be the keystone of the whole financial arch, so that speedy adjustments of other obligations may be expected. Treasury officials say that numerous solutions of the Anglo-French debts have been considered. One of them contemplates a reduction of the German obligations to £2,500,000,000, compared with £6,600,000,000, which is the present figure. They declare that nothing will be done pending the report of the reparations commission. There has been no suggestion that the bankers' commission should be reconvened, they said.

Berlin.—As was foreshadowed in its note to the reparations commission of July 11, applying for a moratorium, the German Government, it is announced, has now sent a note to the Allied Governments asking that the monthly reparations payment, which hitherto has amounted to £2,000,000, should be reduced to £500,000 for the period ending December 31, 1924.

The Government further requests that during the same period all cash payments of compensation respecting damage inflicted upon property rights

or interests of subjects of allied or associated powers in Germany, be suspended.

Greece Again Meets Payments

Change of Government Caused Lapse in Loan Interest

Ottawa.—Greece, it is understood, is again meeting interest payments on the loan of seven and a half millions advanced by Canada, in the form of credits in 1919. When the credits were first granted, interest payments were met regularly but, following governmental changes in Greece, there was a lapse.

Roumania is still in default in interest payments on the loan of twenty millions, but there is hope that they will be met eventually. On March 31, 1922, Roumania owed to Canada in interest alone, the sum of \$2,606,652.

China's Department of Finance Closed

Peking.—Minister of Finance Tung Kang closed the doors of the Department of Finance with the announcement that they would remain closed until funds could be found for the empty treasury. He predicts that President Li Yuan-Hung's administration will be unable to weather the present crisis.

Steam Pipes on U.S. Warship Explode

Port Angeles, Wn.—Exploding steam pipes on the battleship, New York, flagship of the Pacific fleet, scalded one man, rendered 12 others unconscious and nearly caused a collision between the flagship and the destroyer, McDermot, as the fleet was returning to this port from manoeuvres.

Had Your Iron Today?



Work Brains—Not Digestion

HERE'S an ideal hot-weather luncheon!

Two packages luscious Little Sun-Maid Raisins—one cool glass of milk. Big men don't need more.

290 calories of energizing nutriment in the little raisins. Pure fruit sugar, practically predigested so it acts almost immediately, yet doesn't tax digestion and thus heat the blood.

There's fatigue-resisting food-iron also in this lunch.

Vital men eat like this and resist the weather. Don't work their digestion because they want to work their brains.

Try it for a few days and you'll feel better.

Little Sun-Maids Between-Meal Raisins 5c Everywhere

—in Little Red Packages

Keen Interest Was Taken By Saskatchewan Farmers In The Better Farming Train

The Saskatchewan better farming train brought its highly successful tour to a conclusion recently, and Mr. Williams, agricultural agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company expressed his belief that this train, the biggest yet operated, with the biggest attendance, also got bigger and better results than any of its predecessors. Much credit is being accorded to the company for its invaluable co-operation in the enterprise.

"Many silos," said Professor Winters, of the Animal Husbandry Department of the College of Agriculture, who was on the train through the whole trip, "will be built as a result of the visit of the Better Farming Train. At almost every point visited, one or more farmers indicated their intention to build a silo as soon as possible and the models exhibited were the subject of much attention, and always produced many questions."

Another matter which was forcibly brought to my attention during the trip was the greatly increasing popularity of sweet clover. The tendency to grow such crops and to build silos means much, as it shows that a change in farming methods is being made, which will make for more permanent agriculture, greater prosperity and consequent contentment of the farming population. Much interest has also been shown in the various feeds and balanced rations recommended, indicating that dairying and the feeding of stock for market is steadily taking a larger place in our agricultural operations."

Professor Potts, who was lecturing on dairying and who was in charge of the dairy exhibit car, stated that in the southern and eastern parts of the province there is a very noticeable increase in the interest taken in cow testing work, and one result of the tour of the train, he was convinced, will be that a very large number of dairymen will now adopt this method and many others, formerly doubters, are now convinced of the value of this system.

There was one point to which it was found necessary to call attention continually, according to George Murray, who was in charge of the field husbandry car, and that is the necessity of inoculating sweet clover seed. This crop is useful, he states, in two ways, one in supplying a place in the rotation, and the other in enriching the soil. If not inoculated, there will almost invariably be no nodules on the roots, and no nitrogen will be stored, so that those who do not inoculate will not enrich the soil but further deplete it, and they therefore miss half the point of growing this crop.

Lubrication, ignition and carburetor troubles were the chief matters upon which farmers sought the assistance of Mr. Josephson in the farm mechanics car, and he believed that an unprecedented number of power users benefited by bringing their problems for solution to the better farming train.

Both the household science and the forestry sections were very busy throughout the trip, and in both these departments those in charge felt that much had been accomplished in conversations and in answering questions, as well as by the lectures delivered.

In the field husbandry car Miss Brayford's bees attracted considerable attention. This lady has kept bees for many years near Wawota, and last year her output of honey reached well over 900 pounds, showing that this is a very profitable side line for those interested in this branch of agriculture, and there are many now farming in Saskatchewan who kept bees in other provinces who will be glad to know that there is no obstacle to success in honey production in this province.

J. K. Finlayson, who was in charge of the poultry car the greater part of the trip, states there seems to be a good deal of doubt regarding the cotton fronted poultry house, some complaining that the birds froze their combs. This, he said, was because the house was overcrowded, and the more hens there are the more moisture comes from the condensing breath. A hen's temperature is 106,

and she can stand the cold perfectly well, as long as the air is dry. The cotton fronted poultry house, with insulated walls and properly ventilated, has been found absolutely satisfactory at the College of Agriculture.

The total attendance for the tour was 32,881, and surpassed the former best on record by 107. The difference between this year and last year would have been many more had it not been for the fact that heavy rain spoiled the last day's attendance, when three meetings were scheduled. The average daily attendance was 1,061, and the total attendance was comprised of 9,275 men; 6,332 women; 13,971 boys and girls; and 3,303 babies.

Who Christianized Britain?

Presbyterian Minister Says It Was Joseph of Aramathea

That Christianity was brought to England A.D. 35 by Joseph of Aramathea, and that the British-Israel Society in England was now making investigations on what was supposed to be the site of his church, was one of the interesting statements made recently by Rev. F. J. Hartley, minister of Pleasant Heights Presbyterian Church, Calgary, in an address to the Winnipeg branch of the British-Israel Association in the Odd Fellows' Temple. He gave a resume of the British-Israel position that the British people are the lineal descendants of the lost tribes, quoting widely from the Bible and history.

Another equally interesting statement was that Jeremiah, the prophet, came to Ireland with a daughter of King Zedekiah and that she married the son of the then Irish king. Another daughter, Mr. Hartley said, founded the House of Orange, from which sprang William the Third of England. He mentioned that Professor Odlum, of Vancouver, the well-known writer on British-Israel history, was at present in Japan investigating the origin of the white race in Japan, which was supposed to be descended from the tribe of Manasseh, and which, he stated, was very much like in type the Anglo-Saxon race. In connection with the founding of Christianity in Britain, he said that at the ecumenical at Nicea in 325 there was a British bishop and elders.

The Baltic Sea has an average depth of only forty-three yards.

May Cut Second Panama Canal

Present One Will Soon Be Inadequate For World's Commerce

It is being proposed that the American continent should be cut through again.

The present Panama Canal is used by an ever-increasing number of ships, and all the authorities are agreed that in fifteen years' time it will be quite inadequate for the world's commerce.

This being the case, either the present canal must be greatly widened or a second canal must be cut and the general opinion of the experts leans to the cutting of a new canal.

This would have to be much larger than the present waterway, and such a gigantic undertaking would occupy a number of years, so it is suggested that work should be begun at once.

But two old controversies have broken out with renewed vigor. The first is as to where the new canal should be cut and the second as to whether a canal with locks or a sea-level channel is the better.

There is a possibility that, instead of making a second canal at Panama, the Nicaraguan route may be followed. This was the original plan of the Americans before they took over the French works at Panama, and as far back as 1826 a survey was undertaken there on behalf of a British company.

Owing to climatic causes ships would have to spend forty-three hours more on the Nicaraguan route than by way of Panama, but against this the distance to San Francisco and New York from the ends of the Nicaraguan Canal would be 500 miles shorter than from the ends of the Panama Canal.

Used Bayonet to Save European

Nairobi Policeman Rescued Traveller From Infuriated Leopard.

The first instance of a leopard being bayoneted has just been recorded. A leopard had been fired at and wounded at a small station on the Uganda railway. In its rage it made for a European, bore him to the ground and began mauling him.

A native policeman, who was standing near, immediately fixed his bayonet and charged. He caught the leopard in the chest and killed it instantly. Then with a heave he pitched the body off the European.

The white man is in Nairobi Hospital, but is not very seriously injured.

The motion picture films exported from the United States each year would, if placed end to end, reach a distance of 4,000 miles.

Lots of men wouldn't know what to do with their money if they should ever get out of debt.

Indications Point To Canada Leading The World As A Wheat Producer

Senator Calder, of New York, recently declared his conviction that the United States would soon fall behind Canada in the production of wheat. "The Dominion," he stated, "will develop several times the wheat acreage of the United States." Herbert Hoover, the United States Secretary of Commerce, but a short while previously had been responsible for the statement that the United States would in ten years become a wheat importing nation. In 1921 the United States was the world's first wheat producer, whilst Canada had risen from the third place she held the year before, to that of second among the wheat producing countries of the world.

"The peak of wheat acreage in the United States," Senator Calder said, "was 75,694,000 acres, reached in 1919, an increase of 35 per cent. over the wheat acreage of 1910. Canada, in the same year, had 19,125,969 acres seeded to wheat, an increase of 115 per cent. over the 1910 figure." But this figure was by no means a peak for Canada, but merely a step in a series of gradients. The 1921 acreage was 23,261,224 in Canada, or an increase of more than 21 per cent. over 1919. In addition to this the prairie provinces, where the greatest expansion in acreage is taking place, will have, according to the estimate of the Western Agricultural Agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway, an increase of nearly 39 per cent. over last year, not all, but a large section of which, will be devoted to wheat.

The production of wheat in the United States increased from 635,000,000 bushels in 1910 to 833,000,000 bushels in 1920, an increase of approximately 35 per cent. In the same period Canada's wheat production increased from 149,989,600 bushels to 263,189,300 bushels, or an increase of 70 per cent. The value of the wheat crop in the United States during the decade increased by 100 per cent., or from \$560,000,000 to \$1,197,000,000. In the same time the value of Canada's wheat crop increased by 400 per cent., or from \$99,530,000 in 1910 to \$427,356,000 in 1920.

It must be borne in mind when considering these figures and noting the lengthy lead the United States still has over Canada in wheat production, that the former has to all intents and purposes reached its zenith of production—in fact the tendency is for a decline—whilst the Dominion, in view of the minute portion of her area under cultivation, and the wonderful possibilities of development, may be considered as having merely entered the lists. Whilst in the three prairie provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta there are less than 121,000,000 acres under private ownership, much of which is not under cultivation, there are approximately 25,000,000 acres of a surveyed total of 200,000,000 acres available for homestead entry. In addition to these surveyed areas, there are tracts which have been only partly surveyed and which contain more than 250,000,000 acres.

The biggest factor in increasing Canada's wheat acreage in the past, and one whose effect will be felt to an increasing extent in the future, is this very availability of large tracts of land upon which hinges the price of farm wheat lands, and which determines the price at which wheat can be grown. The average price per acre of land devoted to wheat growing in the United States has been returned at \$92, whilst the average in Canada of settled wheat land has been unofficially estimated at \$40 per acre. That this is not a just estimate for all purposes is evident when it is considered that the average price of settled farm lands in Saskatchewan and Alberta, most of which are wheat lands, is less than \$25 per acre, and in addition there are these large tracts which may be acquired for a lesser sum or for the price of filing on them.

The future of Canadian wheat is also presaged by its excellent quality, which is beyond question. This has been attested by ten years of uninterrupted successes in carrying off the wheat championship of the world, to be wrested from Canada last year by the State of Montana, only by means of seed of Canadian origin.

How long will it be before Canada is leading the world in the production

of wheat? At the present time she occupies the second place in this regard, and a country of less than nine million people is accounting for approximately one-quarter the wheat yield of the United States, a land of more than one hundred and nine millions. In the last decade Canada's wheat production increased by 70 per cent., and granted the agricultural immigration, which would seem to be promised her with all the attractions she has to offer, and the settlement of a further portion of her vacant acreage, the present decade should see at least a hundred per cent. increase and Canada the granary not alone of the British Empire, but of the entire world.

Canadian Birch Popular

Competing Keenly With American Variety in United Kingdom

It is stated that in the United Kingdom lumber market Canadian birch is proving not only popular but is competing keenly with the American variety. Canadian exporters are laying their wood down in England at prices lower than the American.

This is regarded as a healthy sign, inasmuch as it is considered that Canadians, especially in the export of birch and similar broadly-used woods, could meet the world in a price way.

It is stated that the trade in logs should have considerable increase in the trade with the United Kingdom, inasmuch as it is understood English users of plywood will shortly begin making their own veneers. This is due to the fact that the differential between the price of logs and the plywood would thus be a most profitable operation for the manufacturers.

Canada Can Undersell Manchurian Millers

News from Orient is Very Encouraging to Exporters

Latest flour and grain news reaching Vancouver from Manchuria is encouraging to Canadian exporters to the Orient, though not very cheering to Japanese who have invested in Manchurian flour mills. There are forty-five milling companies operating in that country, with a capacity of nineteen million sacks. Forty per cent. of the mills are owned by Japanese. Of late the output has dropped one-third and it is said that if the condition continues much longer the mills will be closed.

The reason given for the depression is that the Manchurian wheat is exported largely, thus making the price to the home mills very high and permitting Canadians and Americans to send large quantities to the wheat province and undersell the Manchurian millers.

A Curious Relic

Last of Japanese Notice Boards Issued In 1867

A curious relic of the day when Christianity was prohibited as a superstitious sin in Japan is on view at the Africa and Far East exhibition at the Agricultural Hall.

It is the last series of the old notice boards issued by the council of state in 1867, a crude wooden "slate" painted in black Japanese lettering. The notice reads:

1. Prohibition of Christianity is to be observed strictly as heretofore.
2. Superstition is strictly forbidden.

This old regulation was the last to appear before the state consented to recognize the teachings of Christianity.

A Mammoth at Niagara

Geologists say that 150,000 years ago there were animals in America which had teeth three feet long and more than twelve inches thick. Such a tooth was drawn out of the sand at Niagara Falls by a dredger the other day, and now efforts are being made to find the owner of it. The belief of scientists is that the skeleton of a mammoth lies under the sand—how far down it is impossible to guess. They think, however, that probably the head is not very deep down, and that the dredge broke the skull when it fished the tooth up.



A Story of a Fish That Builds a Nest.

"TELL us a fish story, Stella, dear," said Snookums. "Yes, do—please," the three other Brownies begged. "We feel just like listening." The Wishing Fairy who always likes to make everyone happy, sat down, thought a few moments and then began talking. "To-day," she said, "I will tell you of a very small fish, only two or three inches long, but I think it amazingly interesting, and its name is 'Stickleback.' "Just from its name, I like that fish already!" exclaimed Pimzie. "Why is it called that?" "Because two of its tiny fins have changed to spines. It is really very beautiful; for underneath its body is silver and it has purple and green bands on its back, and is gold and red on its sides and head. A very strange thing about it is that if frightened it suddenly loses its lovely coloring and becomes perfectly pale." "Just like people," remarked Kinkajou. The Fairy nodded. "Yes," she said, but this seldom happens because the Stickleback is almost fearless, has lots of courage and loves to fight. Do you know what fish scales are?" she suddenly asked, but, receiving no answer, continued: "Fish are covered with them (at least most fish are), and these scales are like your finger nails, only ever so much thinner. They are fastened to the skin of a fish, overlapping each other; while they all point or lap toward the tail. The color of a fish is in its scales, which are quite slippery, for they are covered with a slime that is made by the fish near its mouth and flows through little tubes to all the scales. This makes it easy for the fish to slip through the water." "Tell us some more about Sticklebacks," said Snookums. "They all build nests on the sand under water just as carefully as birds build theirs in the air—at least Mr. Stickleback does; in fact, he does all the work! Carries pieces of fine moss and water grass in his mouth to the spot he has chosen for a home, and there he carefully places each tiny bit until he has woven a wee nest, which he cements with a glue-like liquid that he can cause to ooze from his skin."

"What about Mrs. Stickleback all this time?" Pimzie questioned. "She is very lazy, I am sorry to say," answered the Fairy, "for she doesn't help; but after the nest is quite ready she lays her eggs in it and then she swims away." "A frivolous female," laughed Pimzie. "That is quite true," and Stella smiled; "but Mr. Stickleback is such a wonderful little father that he more than makes up for their mother's neglect to the fry."

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MAGIC BAKING POWDER

PURE FOOD
INSURES GOOD HEALTH
MAGIC BAKING POWDER
INSURES PURE FOOD

E.W. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED
WINNIPEG TORONTO, CANADA. MONTREAL

CANADIAN MADE

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Dr. J. A. Bancroft who resigned the chair of metallurgy in McGill a year ago, will return to McGill in the autumn.

Ignace Jan Pederewski will return to the piano next fall, touring the United States and Canada, it has been announced.

Fire completely destroyed the railway car factory of the Orenstein and Koppel works at Spandau, Germany. Damage was done to extent of several millions of marks.

W. H. Robinson, aviator, and two men passengers were burned to death at Los Angeles when the airplane in which they were flying caught fire and fell.

The skeleton of John Collins, a Belgian farm hand, who disappeared under mysterious circumstances from a High Bluff farm last January, was found on the outskirts of Winnipeg.

Lady Wilson, widow of Field Marshal Sir Henry Wilson, declined the invitation extended to her to stand as Unionist candidate for Parliament for North Down, her husband's late constituency.

The Swiss Government, it was announced has decided to adhere to the St. Germain convention for international control of traffic in arms and ammunition. The decision is subject to approval by the Swiss Parliament.

Shortage of foods has grown acute in Dublin. The shops are charging exorbitant prices for eggs, bacon and bread. No taxicabs and only a few jaunting cars are available and the drivers demand extra payment for the risk they run, allowing no discount, however, for the risk the passenger takes. The newsboys ask double price for papers.

Screen for Car Windows

In a new type of street car a heavy wire screen is attached to the bottom of each window so that as the window is raised it lifts the screen to cover the opening.

O. McPherson,
Furniture Dealer, Undertaker,
Armstrong, B.C.
Minard's Liniment Co., Ltd.
Yarmouth, N.S.

Dear Sirs:—Since the start of baseball season we have been hindered with sore muscles, sprained ankles, etc., but just as soon as we started using Minard's Liniment our troubles ended. Every baseball player should keep a bottle of your liniment handy.

Yours truly,
W. E. McPherson,
Secretary of Armstrong High School
Baseball Team.

Fountain Paint Brush

An Iowa man is the inventor of a fountain paint brush that combines the accuracy of a hand brush with the speed of a spray device.

Your Home Medicine Chest.

Among the standard household remedies that should always be on hand in your home medicine chest, none is more important than Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil. Its manifold usefulness in relieving pain and healing sickness is known by many thousands throughout the land. Always use Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil for relieving rheumatic and sciatica pains, treating sore throats and chests, coughs, burns, scalds, cuts, bruises and sprains.

Blind Man's Invention

An automatic bookmark has been invented by a blind man, a weighted strip of flexible material falling into place as pages are turned.

Corns cannot exist when Holloway's Corn Remover is applied to them, because it goes to the root and kills the growth.

The world's record for Sunday School attendance is probably that of Owen Jones, of Liverpool, England, who has been a regular attendant for more than 94 years.

\$32 Becomes \$30,000,000

The largest advertiser of any single product in the world is a Chicago chewing gum manufacturer who started with a capital of \$32 and now has a business with an annual turnover of more than \$30,000,000.

GROWING BOYS AND GIRLS

Need Rich, Red Blood to Keep Up Health and Strength

It is a mistake to think that anaemia is only a girl's complaint. Girls probably show the effect of weak, watery blood more plainly than boys. But many boys in their teens grow thin and weak, showing that they have not enough blood, or that it is thin and watery. Let the boy in this condition catch cold and he will lose his strength and his health becomes precarious. To overcome this trouble give both your weak boys and girls Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and see how soon good appetite returns and the weak boy or languid girl becomes full of activity and high spirits. Mrs. P. Garvey, R.R. No. 5, Mono Mills, Ont., tells what this medicine did for her young son. She says:—"Three years ago, my little boy, who was then 11 years old, was very pale and weak, he would take fainting spells and complained of a pain about his heart. One day a lady friend who noticed his run-down condition told me her daughter had been in a similar state and found new health through Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I therefore got a supply for my boy, and by the time the first box was used his appetite seemed better, and by the time he had taken half a dozen boxes everyone was surprised at the change in his condition, he was such a fine, healthy-looking boy. He had grown tall and stout, with no signs of his former run-down condition. I believe Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are unequalled for anyone weak and run-down." Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Mackenzie, the largest political division of Canada, has an area of 562,182 square miles.

Dangerous Cargoes

Sailors Dislike to Sail With a Cargo of Sugar or Coffee

At first thought it would seem that dynamite was a cargo to be carefully avoided, but from a sailor's point of view there are far more dangerous cargoes. He dreads, for instance, a cargo of sugar!! Put hundreds of tons of cane sugar in casks in the hold of a vessel and let the ship steam through a spell of hot weather. The odor is sickening. The sailors cannot get the sweet taste out of their mouths and crave vinegar or lime juice—anything sour. They lose their appetites and are always glad when a voyage on which the cargo was sugar is over. Coffee is as disagreeable as sugar, in addition being very dangerous.

Cotton is a really dangerous cargo. If a little oil happens to touch raw cotton the result is spontaneous combustion. A single bale of cotton saturated with such an oil as boiled linseed and lying at the bottom of a hold can be compared only to a slow match attached to a bomb.

Acids and other chemicals form dangerous cargoes. Carbide of calcium, for example. Acetylene gas is made from this chemical and the gas is constantly given off if the product is exposed to air.

Shipmasters dislike to carry drums of acid where they can be reached easily. A Chilean ship recently put in at the Falkland Islands leaking badly. Her cargo was made up of drums of acid and chalk. The acid had leaked from the drums and mixed with the chalk, forming carbonic acid gas in the hold. This gas is deadly and the crew could not make repairs. Meantime, the acid had gathered in the bottom of the ship and had eaten away the iron frames there.

The Family Physician.—The good doctor is always worth his fee. But it is not always possible to get a doctor just when you want him. In such cases, common sense suggests the use of reliable home remedies, such as Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil, which is wonderfully effective in easing inflammatory pains and healing cuts, scratches, bruises and sprains. The presence of this remedy in the family medicine chest save many a fee.

Circle Tours Through the Canadian Pacific Rockies

Delightful Trip Afforded for Tourists Over C.P.R.

By the most magnificent mountain and inland water trip in the world, passing through beautiful Banff, lovely Lake Louise, Field and Glacier thence to Arrowhead—steamer through the Arrow and Kootenay Lakes, winding in and out past majestic mountain peaks—touching at West Robson and Nelson enroute.

This delightful trip can be made in the opposite direction if desired and at remarkably low cost.

Any Canadian Pacific ticket agent will gladly give full information and arrange details.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

Manitoba Butter Wins

Awarded Prizes at Exhibitions in Calgary and Edmonton

For years butter made at Manitoba creameries has won an enviable place at the leading Canadian exhibitions. Word has been received by the Department of Agriculture of the awards won at Calgary and Edmonton by an exhibit placed by the Brandon branch of the Crescent Creamery Company.

"This creamery won two first prizes on May butter at Calgary; one first, one second, and two thirds at Edmonton. Winnings at Calgary also include a bronze medal and diploma for third highest average score given to any butter on exhibition; also a special prize of \$15 and provincial championship ribbon.

"There were twenty-two creameries entered in these exhibitions, from Quebec, Ontario, Saskatchewan, Alberta, Manitoba and British Columbia," said Mr. Gibson, Dairy Commissioner.

1,500 Telephone Directories
About 1,500 different telephone directories, with an aggregate circulation of 25,000,000 copies a year, are issued by the principal telephone system in the United States. To print and distribute the directories costs the corporation approximately \$8,000,000 a year.

Minard's Liniment for Burns, etc.

SENDS TANLAC TO RELATIVES IN HOLLAND

North Vancouver Woman Says She Wishes Everybody In The World Could Have The Medicine—Restored Her To Splendid Health.

"I think so much of Tanlac I am sending it to my relatives in Holland for I want them to know what a wonderful medicine we have over here," said Mrs. C. Spruitenburg, 15th St., E., North Vancouver, B.C.

"I suffered from stomach trouble and other ailments so long I was almost a nervous and physical wreck. After meals my food soured and I often bloated until I could scarcely breathe. My nerves got in such an awful condition I couldn't sleep nights, and I had dizzy, fainting spells so often I was afraid to risk myself alone.

"My first bottle of Tanlac helped me so much I kept on taking it until now I feel like a different person. My stomach never gives me the least trouble, my nerves are normal and I sleep like a child every night. I wish everybody in the world could have Tanlac. I cannot praise it too highly."

Tanlac is sold by all good druggists.

An Engaging Chinese Figure

General Wu Is Clever Politician Without Conceit

General Wu is the most engaging figure that has appeared in Chinese politics for a long time. He has none of the conceit and cunning that mar Sun Yat-sen's character, and seems to be free from the chicanery and unscrupulousness of that bandit risen in the world, Chang Tso-Lin. He expresses himself well and patriotically. He does not, he says, desire office, but the opportunity to unify China, abolish militarism, revive industry and gain the respect of the world. Of course men who were not so modest as they would like to seem have used such language before, but Wu adds to the impression that he is an honest, likable fellow with more than his share of brains.

ECZEMA You are not experimenting when you use Dr. Chase's Ointment for Eczema and Skin Irritations. It relieves at once and gradually heals the skin. Sample box Dr. Chase's Ointment free if you mention this paper and send 2c. stamp for postage. 60c. a box; all dealers or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

1,000 AGENTS WANTED
Make \$5.00 to \$10.00 Per Day
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Caxton Press, Ltd., 1825 Scarth St., Regina

MONEY ORDERS
Send a Dominion Express Money Order. They are payable everywhere.

BELTING FOR SALE
New and used Belting of every description shipped subject to approval, 6in. to 36in. new Rubber Belting, high grade quality, at 40c per ft. All others at lowest prices in Canada—York Belting Co., 115 York St., Toronto, Ont.

MECCA OINTMENT
Burns, Sores, Cuts, Etc.
Get Free Sample From Your Druggist

Cook's Cotton Root Compound
A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, 2, 3. No. 2, 3, 50c per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

BOOK ON DOG DISEASES
and How to Feed Mailed Free to any Address by the Author
H. CLAY GLOVER CO., INC., 129 West 24th St., New York, U.S.A.

W. N. U. 1430

When a fellow needs a friend—

EVER wake up in the morning feeling fagged and foggy?

Tired muscles and weary brains call for a breakfast of Grape-Nuts, the friendly, easily digested food, to fortify against exhaustion.

Grape-Nuts repairs the daily wear and tear on body tissue. It provides the essentials for rebuilding body and nerve cells; lime for the teeth and bones; iron for the blood.

Make this crisp and toothsome cereal a regular part of your daily diet. Made from wheat and malted barley, and partially pre-digested by 20-hours' scientific baking, Grape-Nuts with cream or milk is a complete food—satisfying, without overtaxing the digestion.

Sold by grocers everywhere!

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts

Made by
Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.
Windsor, Ontario



CARBON MOTOR CO.



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YOURS FOR SERVICE & SATISFACTION

E. E. PAULSON

G. H. HOLMES

CARBON MEAT MARKET

F. OWEN

All kind of Fresh and Cured Meats and Fresh Fish
Cured Meat in first-class style. A full line of Lard
Pork Sausage fresh daily.
Your Satisfaction means our Success



CIRCLE TOUR THROUGH CANADIAN PACIFIC ROCKIES

—FROM—
CARBON
TO

REVELSTOCK 27.15 SICAMOUR 33.15

IN ONE DIRECTION via BANFF, LAKE LOUISE
IN OPPOSITE DIRECTION via ARROW or OKANAGAN LAKE
NELSON and CROW'S NEST PASS.

ON SALE June 15th -- September 30th.

RETURN LIMIT -- October 31st.

An exceptional opportunity to visit THE BEST OF MOUNTAIN
AND LAKE RESORTS.
STOP-OVERS ANYWHERE

J. A. McDONALD, Agent
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
Carbon, Alta.

D. F. McKINNON

Undertaker
EMBALMING

REMEMBER

This Big Slashing Sale Will Be
Off On The 15th Day Of August.
The Entire Stock Must Be Sold At
Sacrifice Prices As I Am Moving
The Balance Of The Stock To
Rockyford After the 15th Of
August.

MAX SILVER

Carbon, Alta.

FOOTBALL CARBON vs MORRIN

On Sunday last our football team
accompanied by a large party of
enthusiasts journeyed to Morrin.
A very well contested game ended
in a draw of 3-3. W. Reid (from
a penalty), L. Poxon and Owen
scored the goals for Carbon. The
score at half time was 2-1 in favor
of Carbon and the second half was
strenuously contested. Morrin
scored the equalizing goal after 15
minutes play in the second half.

then Owen put Carbon in the lead
again, until unfortunately the ball
cannonned off one of Carbon's
players to give Morrin the equal-
izing goal. There, the score ended
and that score is a just representa-
tion of the play.
Carbon's next game will be at
Nightingale on Sunday next Aug.
6th. Cars will leave Carbon 1 p.m.
sharp.
Game is called for 5 o'clock. Car-
bon's team for the game will be:
Slim, McCubbin, W. Reid, Gibson,
Wise and Fudge; Sutherland, W.
Smith, Owen, Len Poxon and A.
Reid; Reserves; H. Hunt and C.
Lindsay.

A BANK FOR THE FARMERS OF CANADA



FARMERS can consult with this Bank
with the knowledge that their problems
will be understood and their banking require-
ments efficiently handled. We have made a
special study of the financial needs of farmers,
the difficulties they encounter, and their ways
of doing business.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established over 100 years

Carbon Branch: J. O. A. LETOURNEAU, Manager.



Ten Times Biggest Circus Here Soon

V. I. Greatest Amusement
Institution Ringling Bros. and
Barnum & Bailey Headed This
Way.

Ringling Brothers and Barnum
& Bailey Day draws near and with
it will come a vast circus of "ten
thousand wonders" to exhibit in
Calgary Aug. 15th 1922.

This mammoth amusement enter-
prise of 1922 has been officially
recorded as "America's ten times
greatest circus." It is a third
bigger than it was in 1921. For,
in addition to the many innovat-
ions offered then, the present
season's program numbers ten more
trained wild-animal displays mak-
ing twenty in all-and the most
superb trained horse acts that Euro-
pe has yet produced. The wild-
animal and equine displays of 1921
were introduced merely that the
Ringling Brothers might judge of
their popularity. So enthusiastically
were these numbers received that
the famous showmen immediately
arranged for the purpose of the
of the worlds finest acts of this
kind.

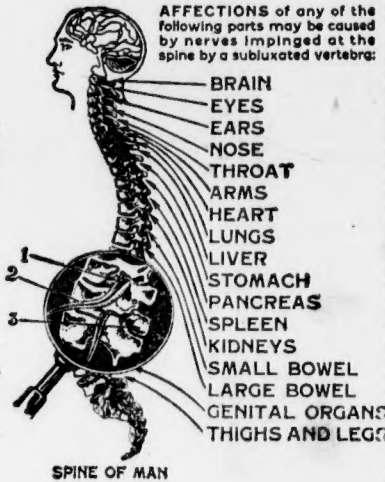
RHEUMATISM

As well as most other ail-
ments, yields readily to
Chiropractic adjustments, and
in these days no one need
suffer from.

J. E. WILLIAMS D.C.
P.C.

Graduate of the Canadian
Chiropractic College, Toronto

Phone 62 Morgan Blk.
Three Hills, Alta.



SPINE OF MAN

Roman Catholic Church

Mass every first Sunday of the
month at 9 o'clock.

Every third Sunday at 10 o'clock

For Sale

10-20 Waterloo Boy engine in
good running order for sale, price
\$135.00 cash. Can be seen 9 miles
N. W. of Carbon.

CHRIS JOHNSTON

DR L.F. HUMESTON Dentist

Will be in Carbon Monday, Tues-
day and Wednesday of each week.
Satisfaction Guaranteed

CARBON HOTEL

Thirty Rooms

Electrically Lighted throughout

J. W. BAIRD, Proprietor

R. A. BOYLE, B.A. BARRISTER, SOLICITOR AND NOTARY PUBLIC

(Office in Post Office Block)
CARBON, Alta.

FARMERS' EXCHANGE HALL

Saturday July 22nd

DOROTHY GISH

in

"The Ghost In The Garret"

Also 2-Reel Comedy

On a Lonesome Night Drop in at the CARBON BILLIARD HALL

And have a game of Billiards or
Pool.

Try the Popular Snooker game.
Cigars, Cigarettes, and
Tobaccos

Chinook Beer on draft. Soft drinks
TESSIER & GIBSON

JOS. J. GREENAN, B.A.

Barrister, Solicitor
and Notary Public
(Also of Ontario Bar)

Local Agent for
Dominion Life Assurance Co.

Farm Lands and Town Lots for sale
CARBON Alberta

IMPOUND

Came in 25th of June

One red steer 4 yrs old Branded
X O on right shoulder.
One red cow, Branded A J
on right ribs.
One red steer 4 yrs. Branded
O V on right hip.
One red steer, white face, 4 yrs.
Branded G J.

G. OHLHAUSER
Poundkeeper.